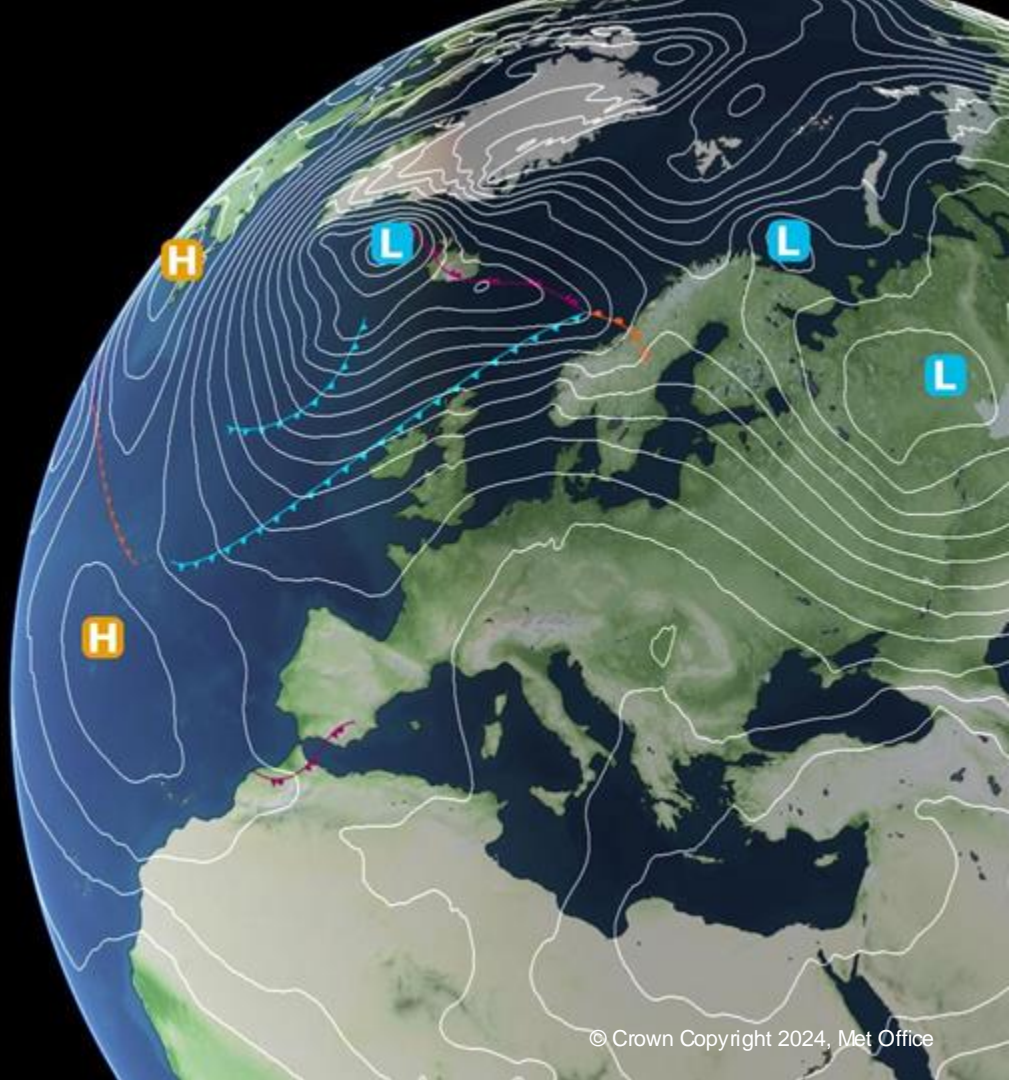


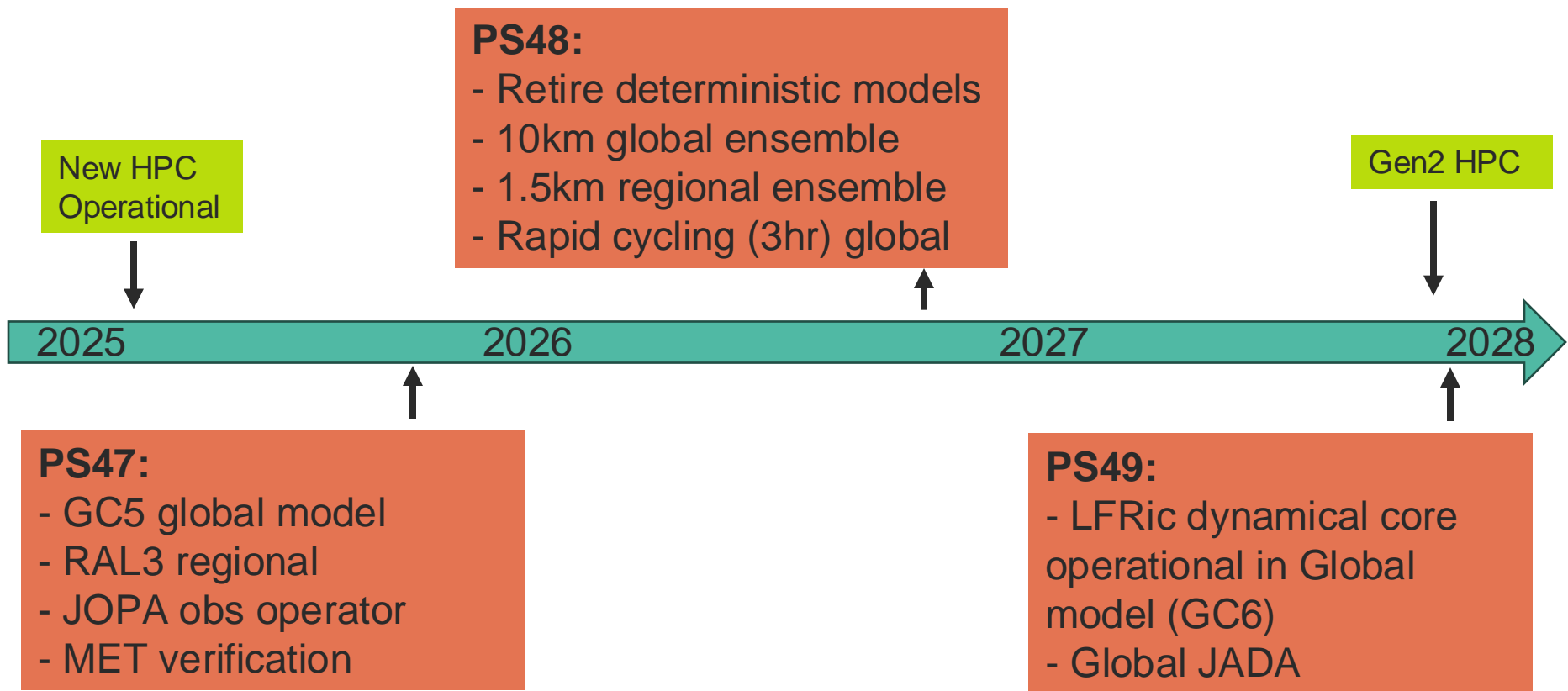
Met Office Update

WGNE 2024

Tim Graham



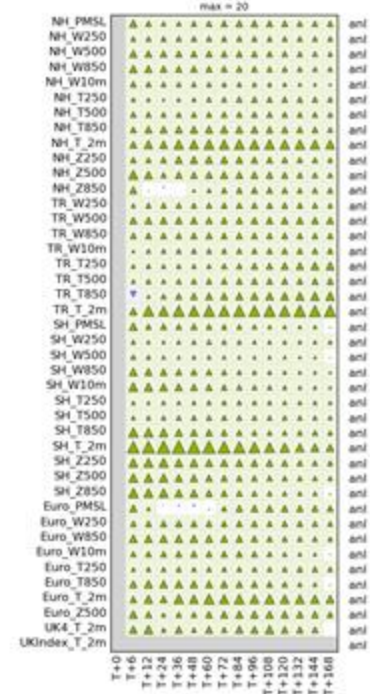
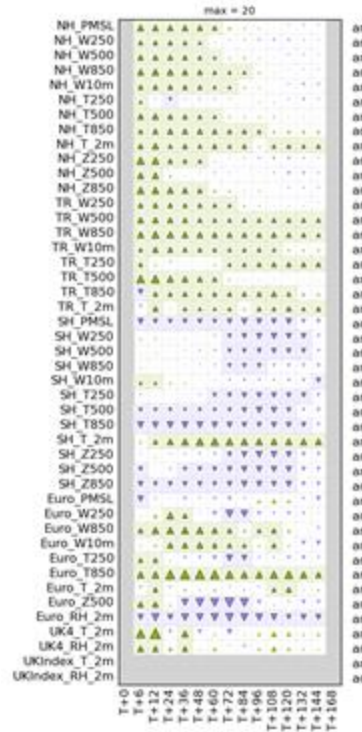
Forecast system updates



- NEMO 4.0.4 & SI3 (replacing CICE)
- Convection improvements
- Bi-modal cloud initialisation
- Blended orography smoothing makes model more stable allowing increase in amplitude of SPT and reduced weighting of additive inflation in ensemble.

Deterministic +0.37%

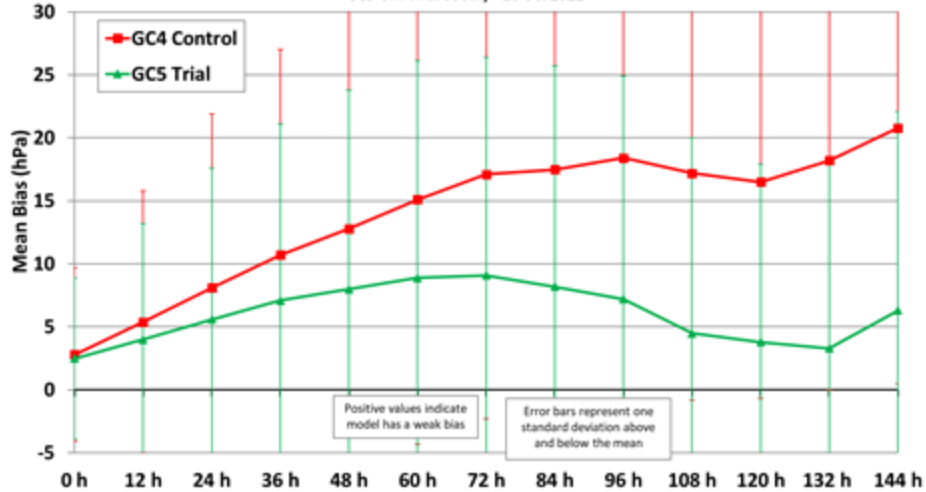
Ensemble CRPS +3.6%



GC5 Tropical Cyclones

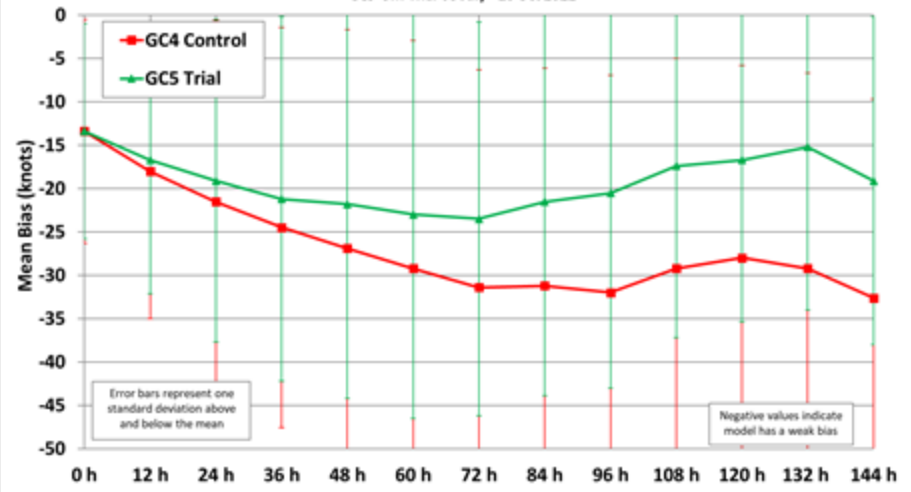
GC4 Control v. GC5 Trial TC Central Pressure Bias Against Observations

GCS-UM Trial 08 July - 10 Oct 2022



GC4 Control v. GC5 Trial TC 10m Wind Bias Against Observations

GCS-UM Trial 08 July - 10 Oct 2022

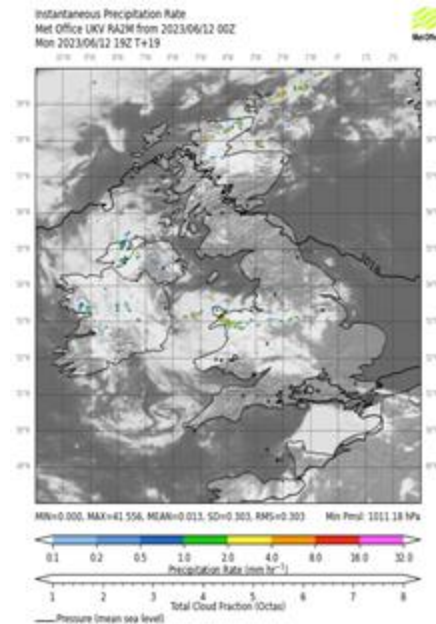


- **Bi-modal cloud scheme** (*Kwinten van Weverberg*)
 - based on Smith cloud scheme previously used in mid-latitude RAL
 - replaces Smith scheme in RAL2-M and prognostic PC2 scheme in the tropical version RAL2-T
- **CASIM multi-moment cloud microphysics scheme** (*Adrian Hill, Paul Field, Kalli Furtado*)
 - **Cloud AeroSol Interacting Microphysics**
 - permits the UM to have single or double moments microphysical capability
- stochastic boundary layer perturbations in mid-latitude configuration no longer needed (*Adrian Lock*)
- and many more...
- **No longer need different configurations for tropics and mid-latitudes!**

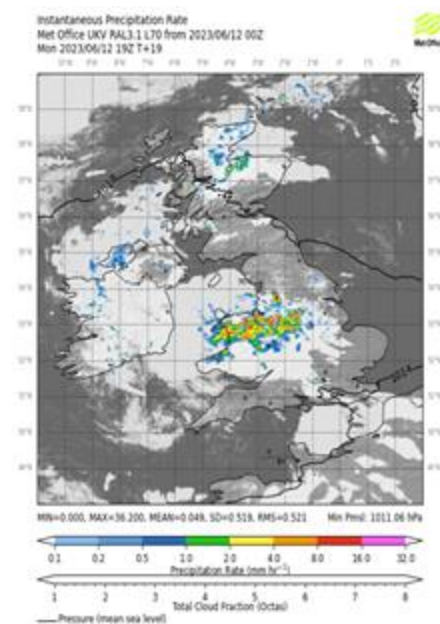
Van Weverberg et al., 2021: <https://doi.org/10.1175/MWR-D-20-0224.1> and <https://doi.org/10.1175/MWR-D-20-0230.1>

Shipway and Hill, 2012 - <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-18-14253-2018>, Miltenberger et al., 2018 - <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-18-3119-2018>

RAL2M



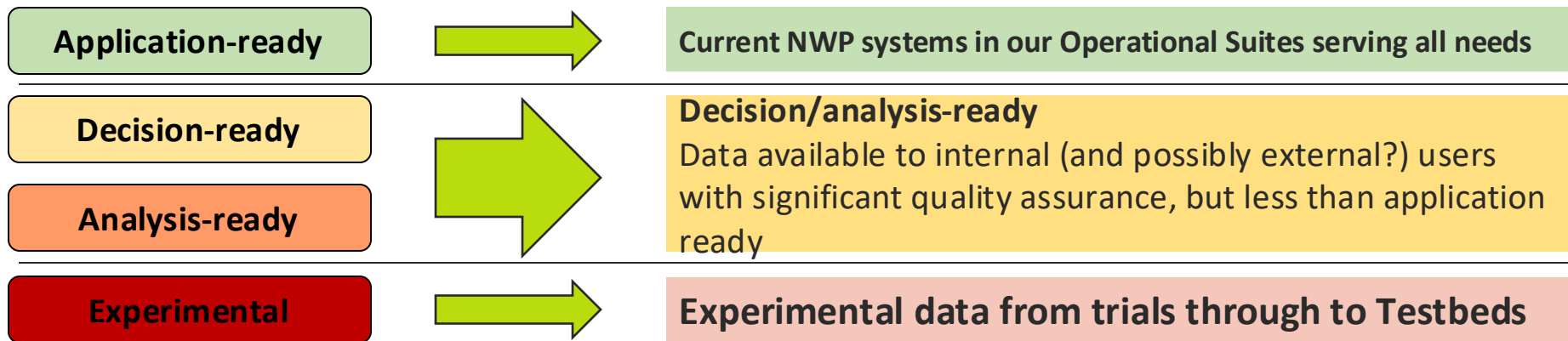
RAL3



Trailblazers

Data Readiness Categories

- Would like to use these to be more agile on delivering new NWP capabilities.
- Need to agree rules about agreeing, recording and marking these in our data.



Proposed NWP “trailblazers”

- 300m “London model” ensemble:
 - Still need to determine benefits of sub-km modelling.
- 5km global trailblazer:
 - Move towards km-scale global models in MOGREPS-G.
 - Need to learn more about sub-10km global model first.
- AI-based NWP system:
 - Currently only a research project.
 - Very early days, but things are moving quickly.

Aim for:

Decision-ready?

Aim for:

Analysis-ready?

Aim for:

Analysis-ready?

GC5-LFRic update

Future modelling capability

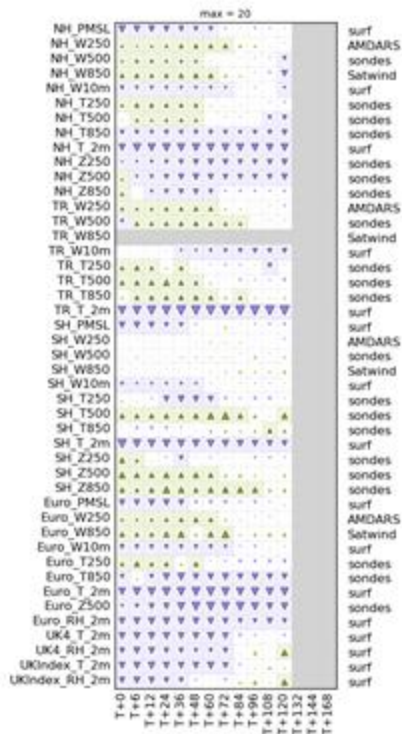
What are we doing?

- New dynamical core on cubed sphere grid
- Physics mostly unchanged (except mixing ratios and tuning)
- Target to be within 2% of UM NWP scores by end of this year
- Also no significant remaining issues that we don't fully understand

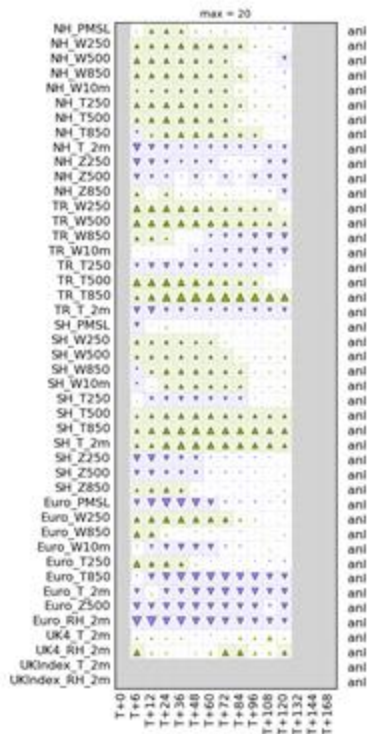


Latest Scorecards

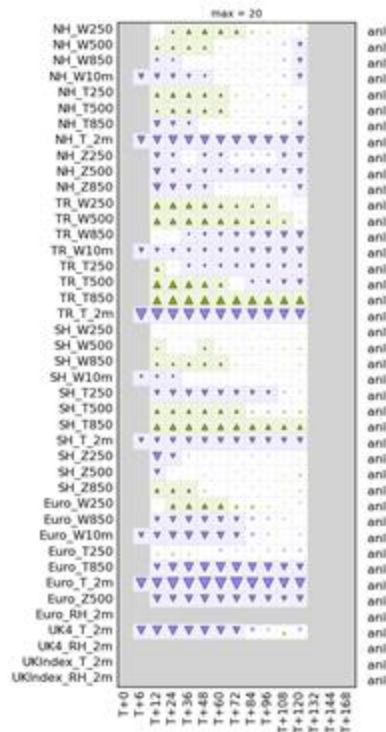
% Difference (GCS-LFRic_638p4p3 C224 vs. GCS UM equiv DA) - overall -0.87%,
RMSE against observations for Equalized,
20230101 12:00 to 20230331 00:00



% Difference (GCS-LFRic_638p4p3 C224 vs. GCS UM equiv DA) - overall 0.17%,
RMSE against oswanval for Equalized,
20230101 12:00 to 20230331 00:00

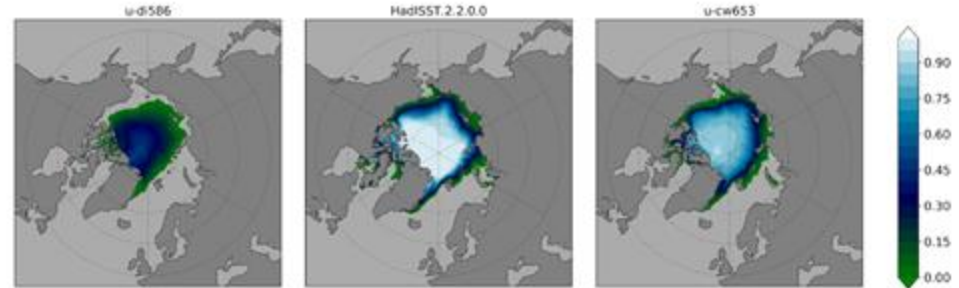


% Difference (GCS-LFRic_638p4p3 C224 vs. GCS UM equiv DA) - overall -1.06%,
RMSE against ecanval for Equalized,
20230102 00:00 to 20230331 00:00

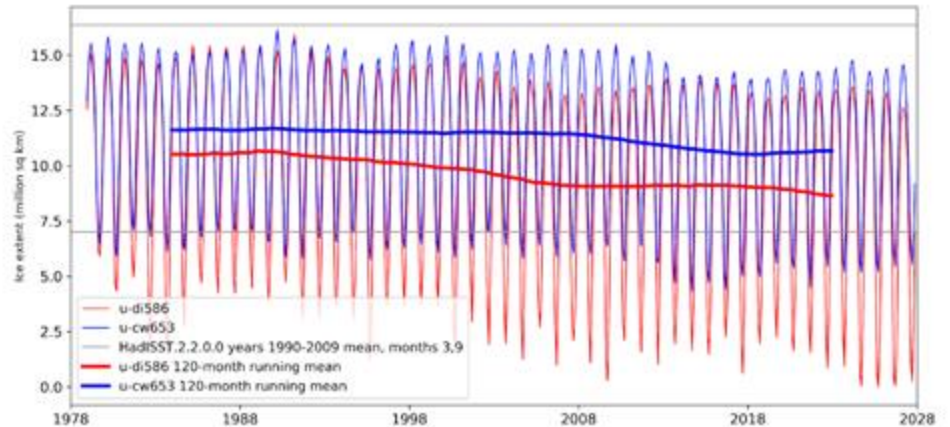


Climate model challenges

- Where's the sea-ice gone?
- Seems to be linked to radiation changes
- A lot of ongoing work to understand the differences in radiative fluxes leading to this change.



n_hemisphere Timeseries of ice extent



Summary

- Access to new HPC is imminent allowing us to start upgrading forecast systems again.
- Plans to implement:
 - PS47: GC5 and RAL3
 - PS48: Retire deterministic model and implement 10km global ensemble
 - PS49: LFRic dynamical core into operational use.
- Trailblazers configurations to allow meteorologists to view output from new science more quickly
- LFRic development: Good progress on NWP scores but still issues with 2m temperatures and sea-ice loss.