



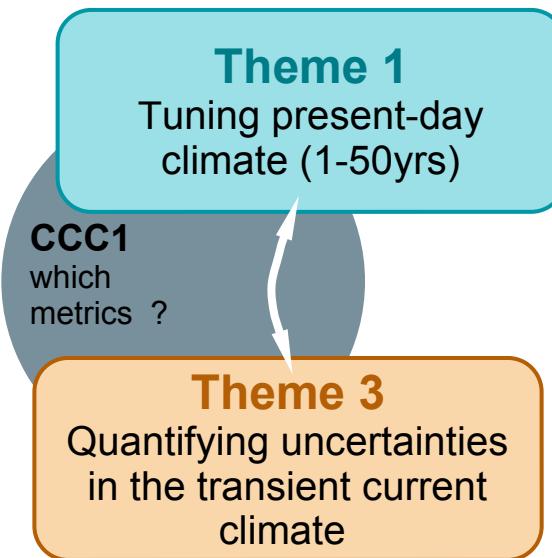
PROGRAMME
DE RECHERCHE
CLIMAT

PC6 : calibration of climate models

Aurore Volodire & Julie Deshayes



PC6-QUINTET = Calibration + observations constraints



→ evaluate model developments
→ calibrate fluctuations
→ model hierarchies

→ improves obs. constraints
→ execute coupled PPE
→ apply obs. constraints on CMIP

TRACCS – others PCs

PC5, 7, 8, 9
developments for
CNRM-CM and IPSL-CM

better constrained
climate projections to
be used by
PC1, 2, 3, 4, 10

Theme 1

Tuning present-day
climate (1-50yrs)

CCC1
which
metrics ?

Theme 3

Quantifying uncertainties
in the transient current
climate

PC6-QUINTET

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- calibrate fluctuations
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PC6-QUINTET

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Theme 2

Addressing the longer
timescales (>100 yr) and
equilibration

Quantifying uncertainties
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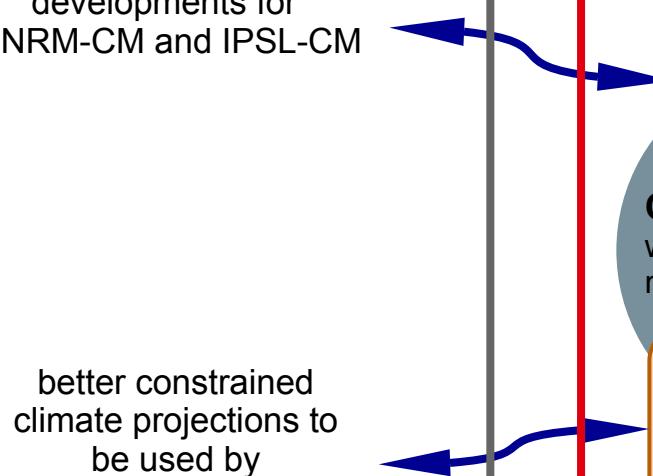
- explore long simulations with
paleo constraints
- accelerate equilibration
- better initialise historicals

TRACCS – others PCs

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PC6-QUINTET

CCC2

Beyond
Gaussian
Processes

Theme 2

Addressing the longer
timescales (>100 yr) and
equilibration

making the
best of model
hierarchies

CCC3

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CCC = Cross Cutting Challenge



TRACCS – PC7 IMPRESSION-ESM

IMproving the physical PRocESS representatION in Earth System Models

Coordinators: R. Roehrig (CNRM), M. Vancoppenolle (IPSL), N. Jourdain (IGE)

Partners: Météo-France, CNRS (IPSL, IGE) et CEA (LSCE), 34+ collaborateurs

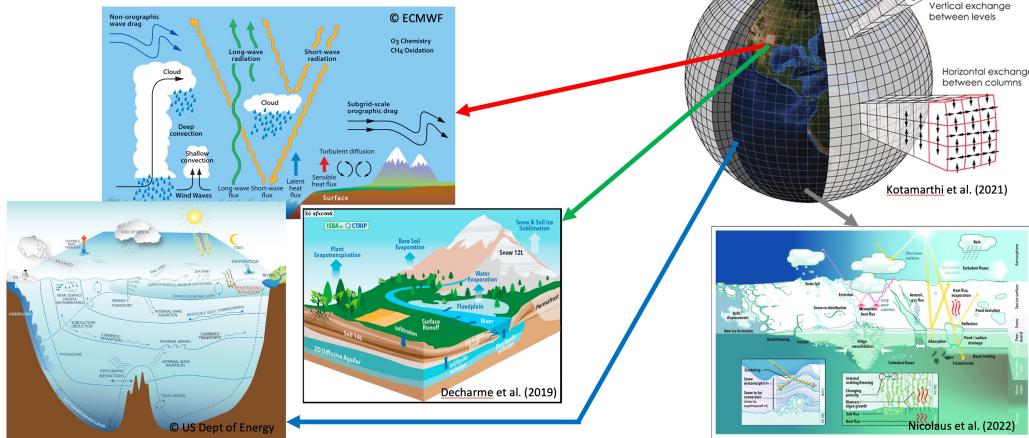
Motivation and objectives

IMPRESSION-ESM ambitions to *improve the representation of key Earth system physical processes* in the two French ESMs to

- Enhance our *understanding* of the Earth system
- Increase the *confidence* in ESM output
- Provide *high-quality climate* information
- Train the *next generation* of climate modelling scientists

by

- Advancing *theoretical models* of physical processes
- Fully benefit from *process/high-resolution models* and most recent *observations*
- Exploring the potentiality of *AI-based techniques*

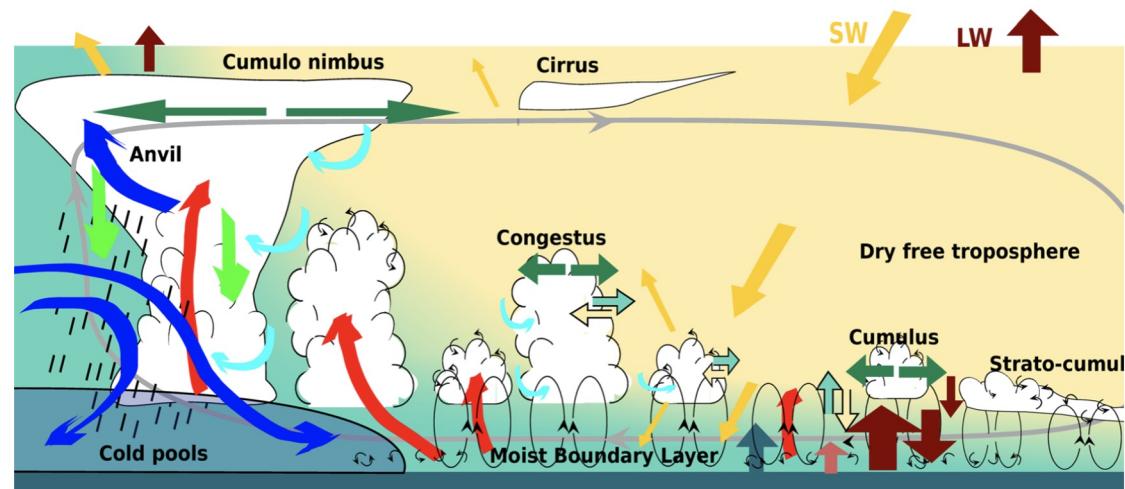


Tackled processes - Atmosphere

ARPEGE, LMDZ

- **Shallow-to-deep transition** of convection (congestus)
- **Mesoscale convective organisation** and its role on the energy/water cycle and the large-scale circulation

- **Single-column/large-eddy modelling** for conceptual developments and their validation
- Also exploit regional/global **km-scale models**



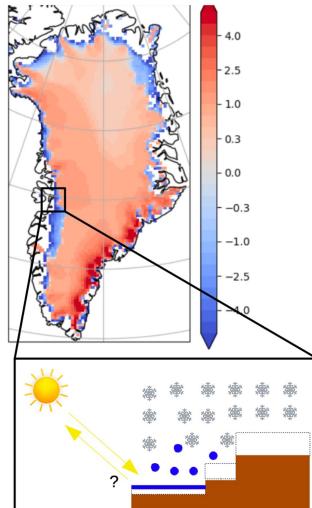
Convective processes to be parametrized? (Rio et al. 2019)

Tackled processes – Land surface and snow

ORCHIDEE, SURFEX

- **Land heterogeneity** for land-atmosphere coupling and the water cycle over land
- **Human impacts** on the water cycle

Greenland surface mass balance as simulated with ORCHIDEE (with new snow module) [mm/d]



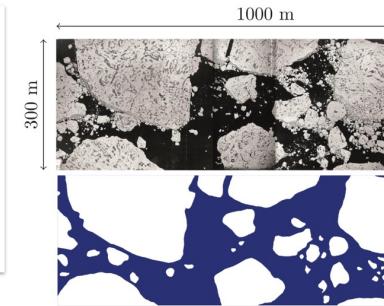
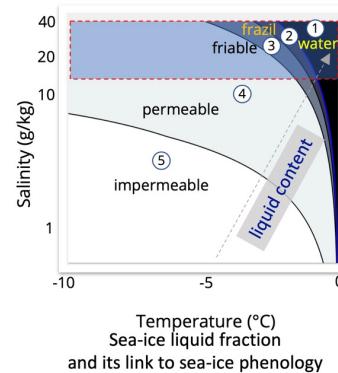
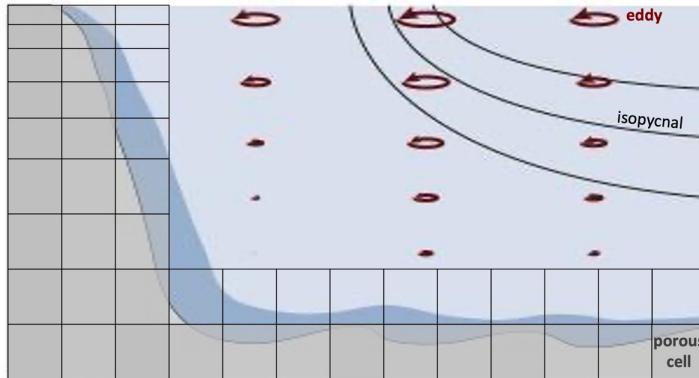
Distribution of water stocks at global scale (10^3 km^3 , uncertainty range in %).
From Abbott et al. (2019, Nature)

- **Consistent snow representation at mid-latitudes and over ice sheets**
 - Precipitation phase, snow melting and aeolian transport
 - Spectrally-resolved albedo, aerosol deposition
 - Subgrid-scale topography

Tackled processes – Ocean and sea ice

NEMO, SI3

- Physical frameworks for ***mesoscale eddy mixing***
- Flow-topography interactions*** using new numerical approaches

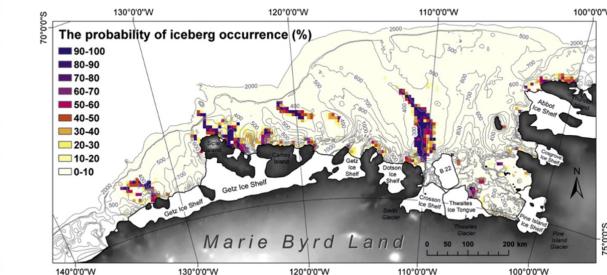
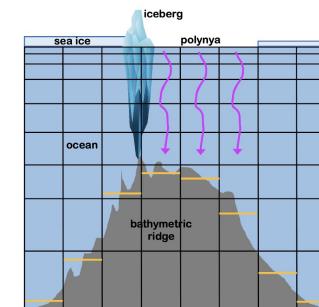
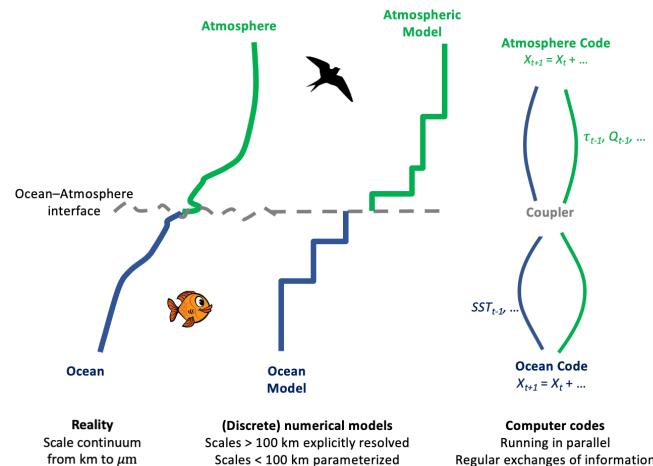


Ice-floe modelling of a realistic test case
(Rabatel et al. 2015)

- Sea-ice multi-phase thermodynamics*** including the role of liquid water in sea ice
- Sea-ice dynamics*** with improved brittle rheology, using explicit modelling of sea-ice floes

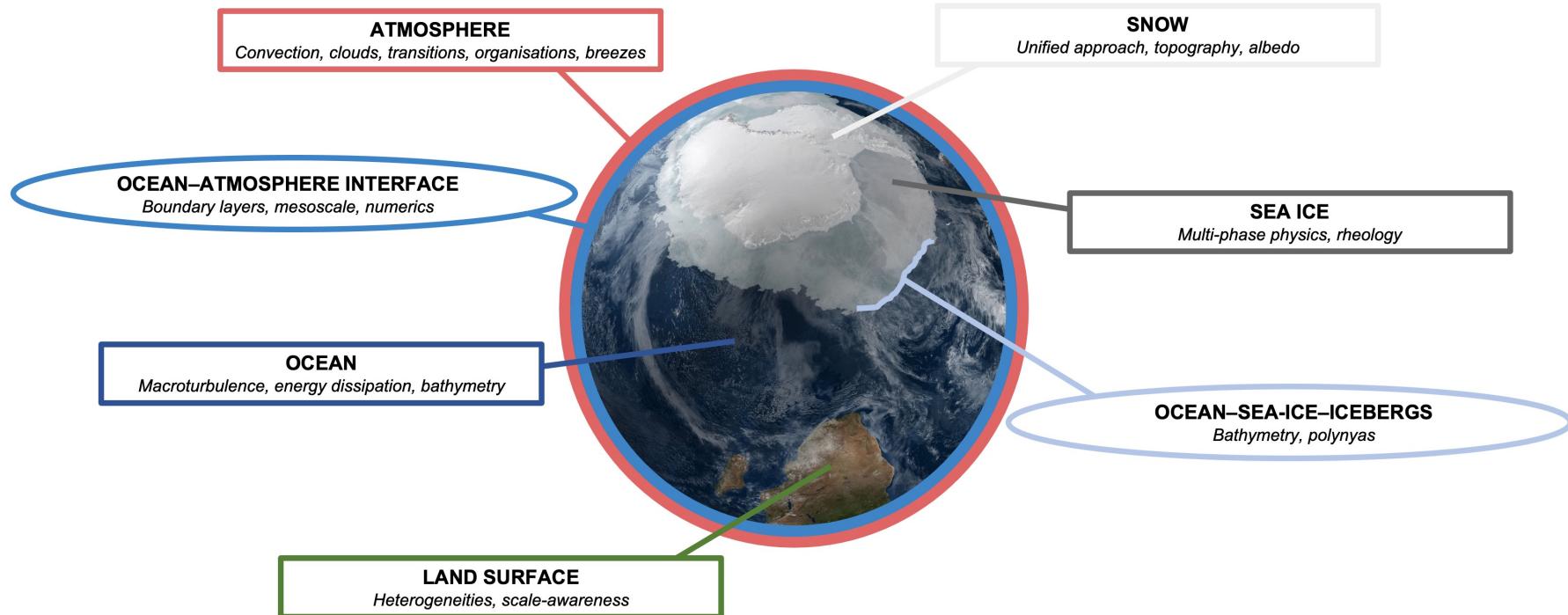
Tackled processes – Couplings

- Ocean-atmosphere coupling:** numerics, subgrid-scale processes



Example of the Amundsen Sea: many icebergs grounded on shallow ridges (Mazur 2017)

- Ocean-sea-ice-iceberg continuum, role of bathymetry and polynyas**



Biogeochemical cycles in Earth system models (CYCL-ESM)

Lead: Yves Balkanski (LSCE/IPSL)

Co-Lead: Roland Séférian (CNRM/Météo-France)

CYCL-ESM in a nutshell

Key objectives:

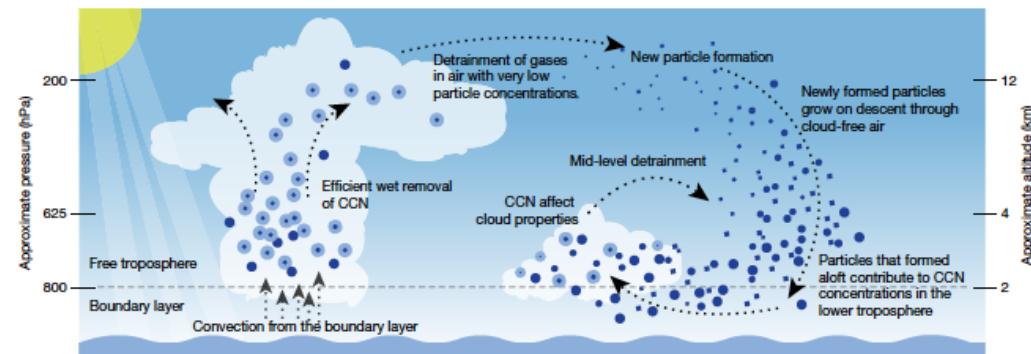
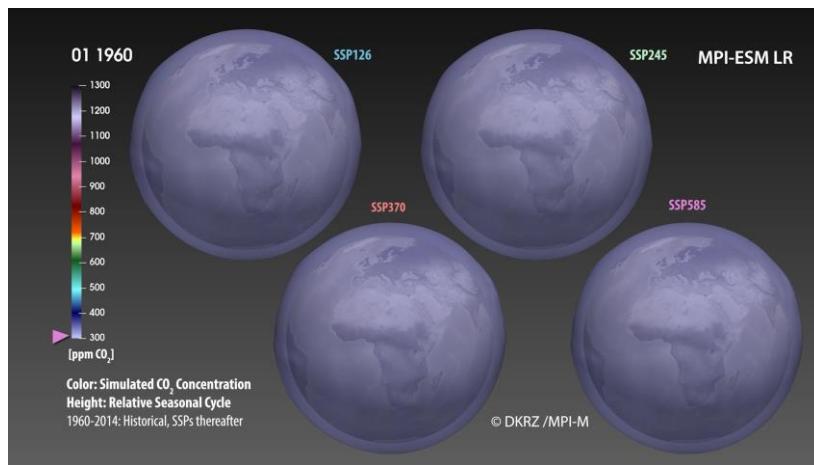
- 1) Improve the representation of key biogeochemical cycles in French ESMs
- 2) Improve coupling and nexuses with other components of the physical system (water, energy, movement)
- 3) Enhance the capability and the flexibility of IPSL and CNRM Earth system models for a wider range of application: climate to biodiversity, vulnerabilities, and mitigation.

Duration : 8 years (May 2024 – Apr 2032)

Funding : 4.3 M€

CYCL-ESM: why ?

Biogeochemical cycles are a key components of the Earth system linking emissions to climate change
 They are utterly perturbed by human interferences



Williamson et al., 2019 Nature

- ⇒ Uncertainties from biogeochemical feedbacks are poorly integrated/represented in the current generation of ESMs
- ⇒ The chain of processes from emissions to clouds and/or radiative feedbacks is not represented in the current generation of models

CYCL-ESM: How ?

Four research axes across Earth system components

- 1) Nexus between nutrients and carbon cycles
- 2) Land-use and ecosystem management
- 3) Fire in the Earth system (from the vulnerability of semi-arid regions to the aerosols emissions)
- 4) Nexus between Chemistry-Aerosols with a focus on volatile organic compounds

Tools/Approach:

- 1) French ESMs: IPSL-ESM and CNRM-ESM
- 2) Exploration of IA-based tools (acceleration, spin-up, emulation or complexity/information analysis)
- 3) Connection with other TRACCS PCs and EU/Int. research program